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# AUSTRALIAN HEALTH SERIES

# Health Workbook For Year 1



# **By Lindsay Marsh**



**Title:** AUSTRALIAN HEALTH SERIES **Health Workbook For Year 1** © 2016 Ready-Ed Publications Printed in Australia Author: Lindsay Marsh Illustrators: Terry Allen, Alison Mutton

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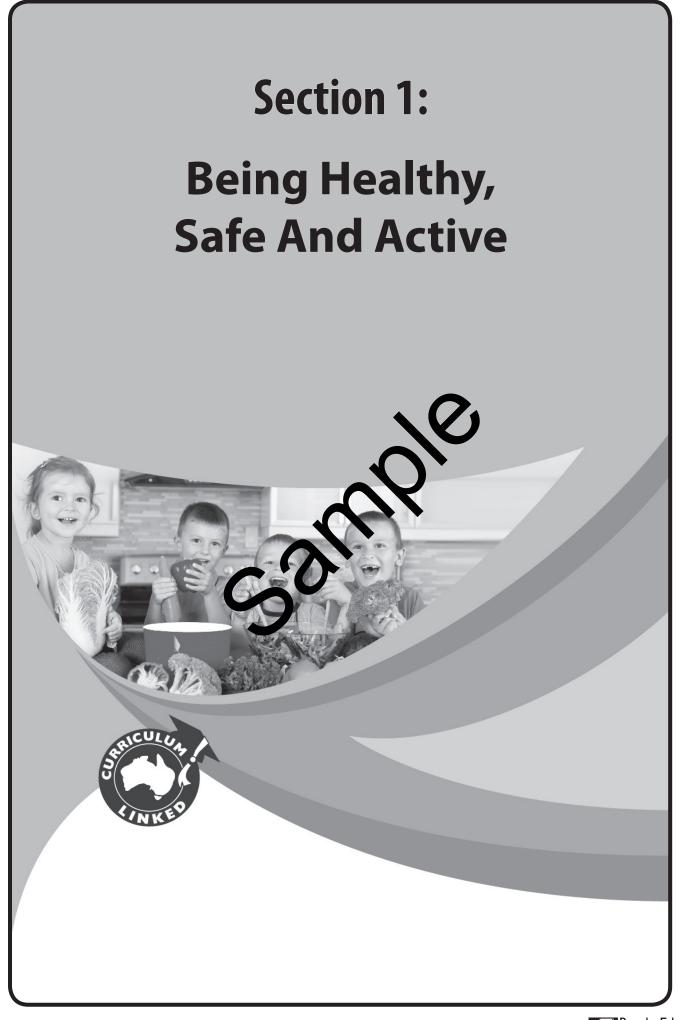
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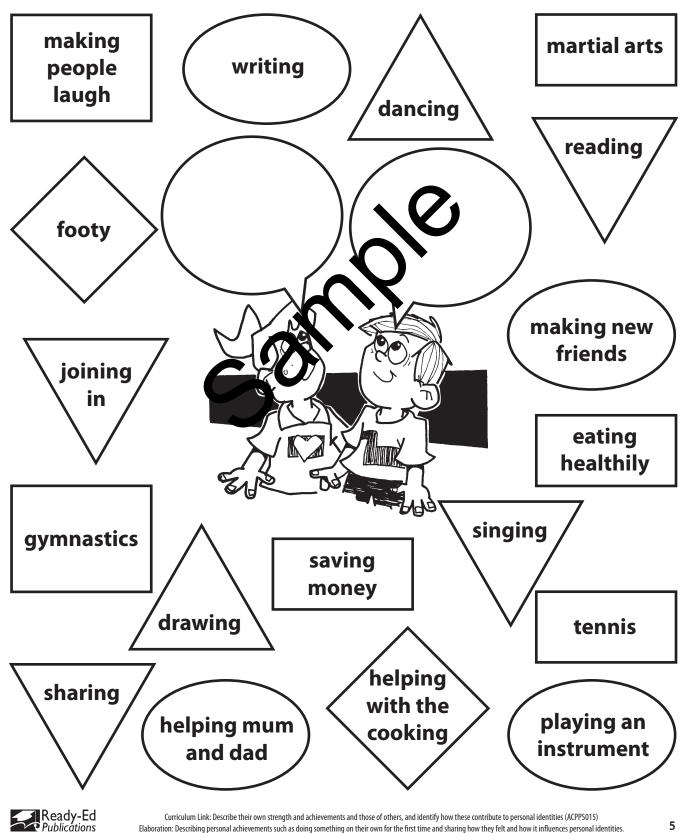




# What Am I Good At?

Some people are good at sport, some people are good at dancing, some people are good at writing, some people are good at making people laugh. We are all good at different things.

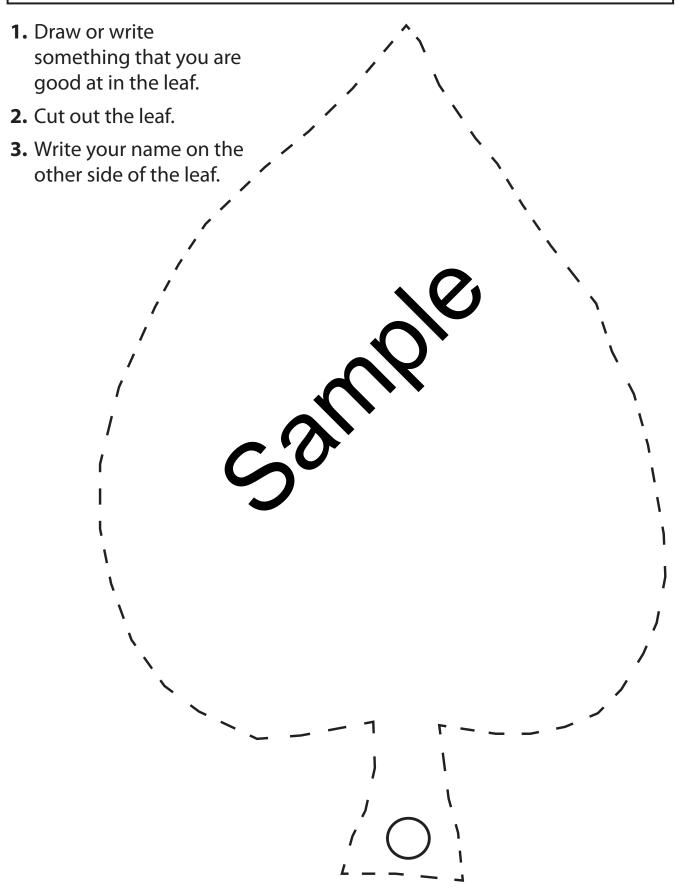
Colour what you are good at. Add two of your own.



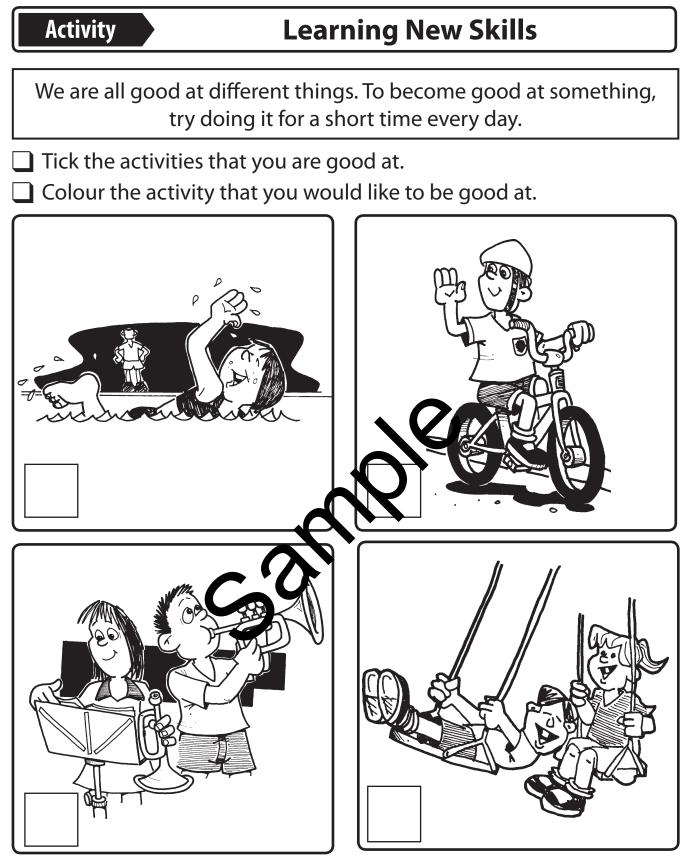
Curriculum Link: Describe their own strength and achievements and those of others, and identify how these contribute to personal identities (ACPPS015) Elaboration: Describing personal achievements such as doing something on their own for the first time and sharing how they felt and how it influences personal identities.



You might be good at martial arts, but your friend might be good at singing. We are all good at different things.



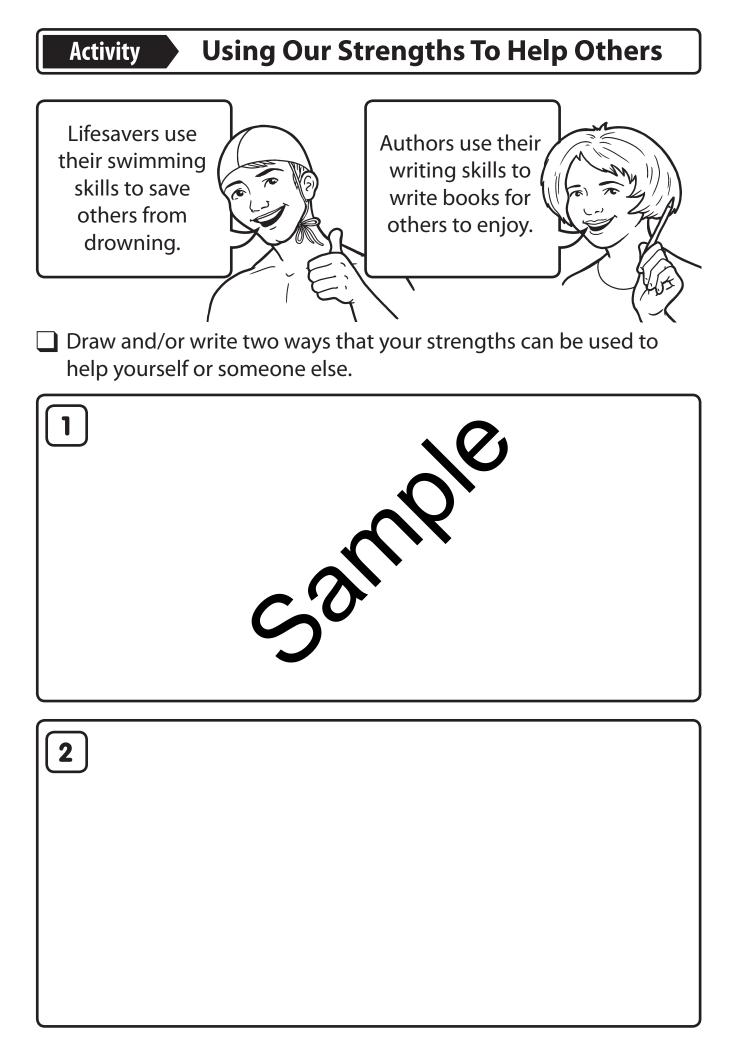




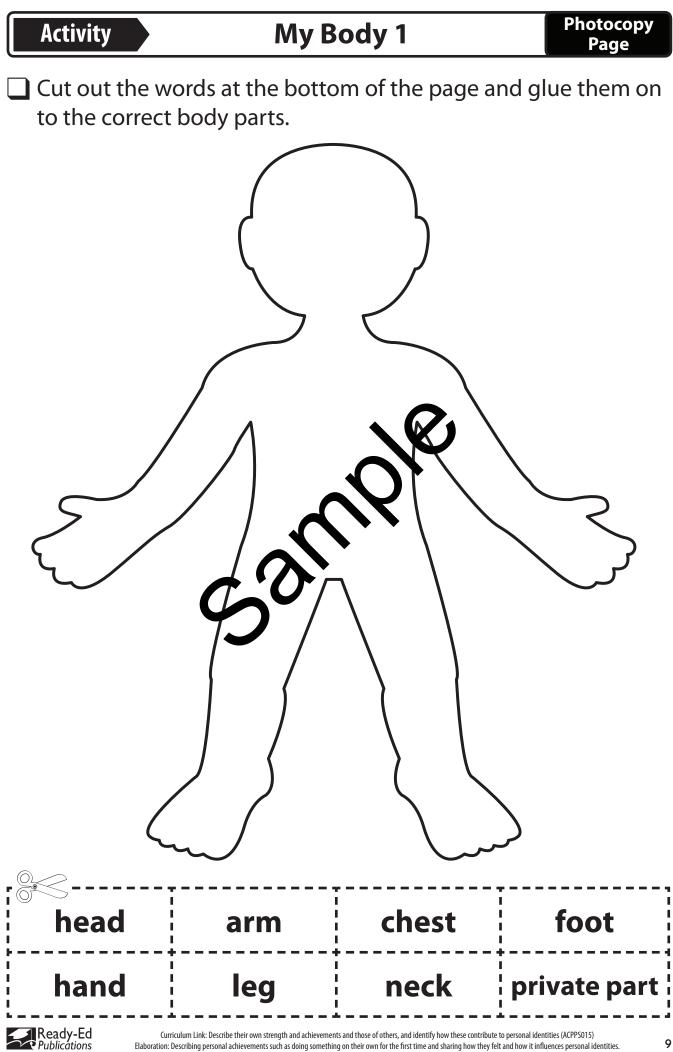
What do you think you need to do to become good at the activity that you have just coloured in?

Write in your workbook how you think you will feel when you become good at this activity.

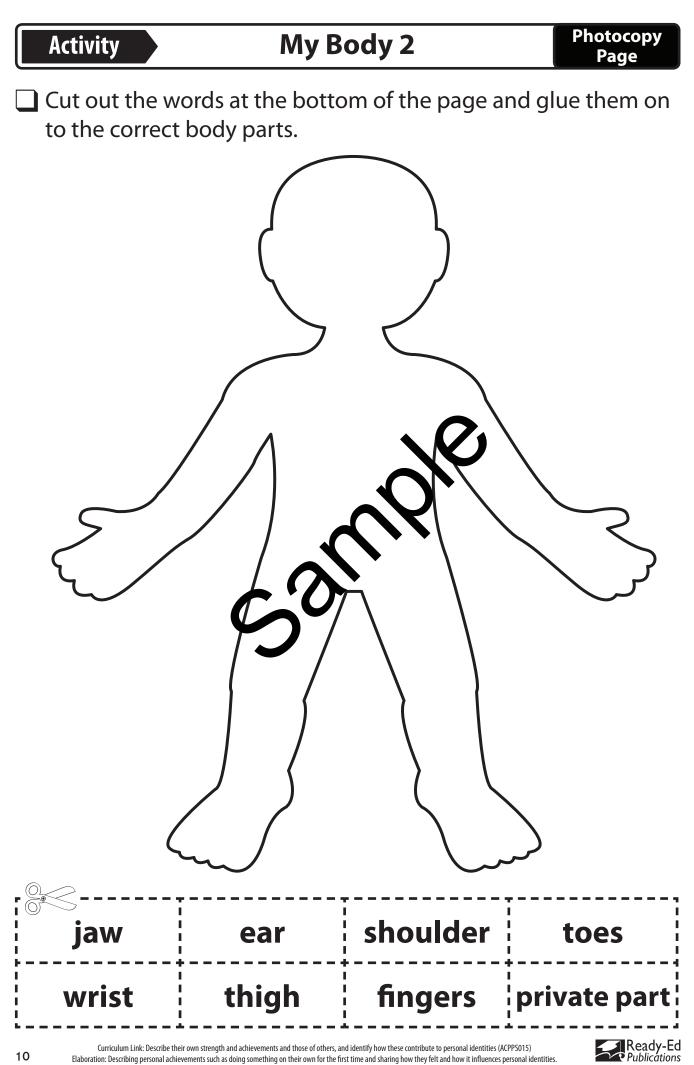








Curriculum Link: Describe their own strength and achievements and those of others, and identify how these contribute to personal identities (ACPPS015) Elaboration: Describing personal achievements such as doing something on their own for the first time and sharing how they felt and how it influences personal identities.



## **Growing Bodies 1**

As we get older, we grow taller and our bodies change. We all grow at different rates. However, at the age of 20, nearly all of us have stopped growing and have reached our final height. Signs that you are having a growth spurt might include feeling more tired, and feeling hungry all the time.

Complete the sentences.				
My name is	_· (			
) I am years old	d. (			
) lamcentim	etres tall.			
Somebody who is taller than me in the class is:				
$\Delta$ Somebody who is shorter than me in the class is:				
At birth I was	centimetres tall.			
Somebody at birth who was shorter than me is: $($				
Somebody at birth who was longer than me is:				
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~			

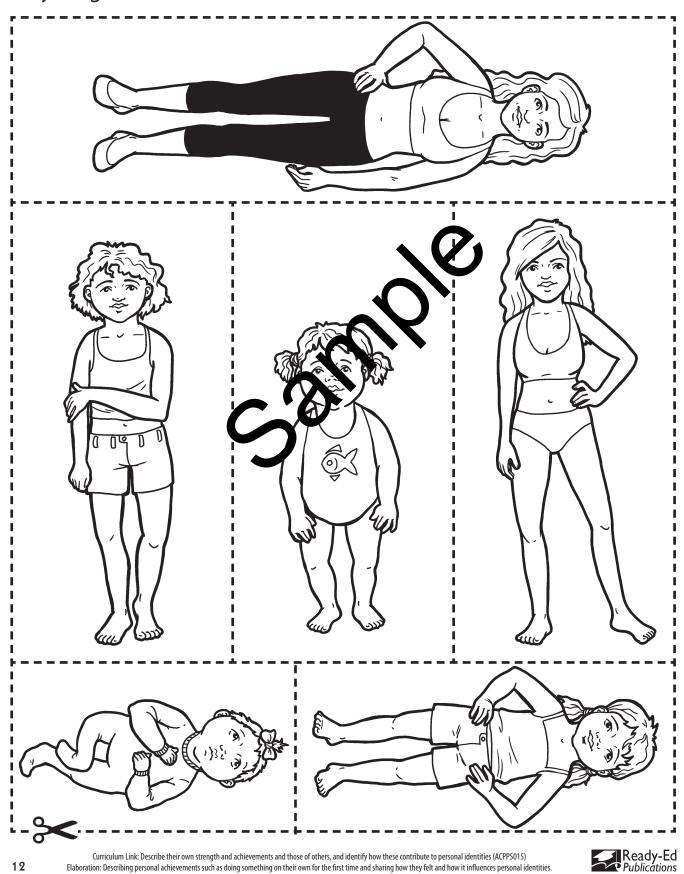
Draw yourself and two of your classmates in your workbook. Your picture should indicate the differences in your heights.



12

As we get older, we grow taller and our bodies change.

Cut out the figures and arrange them in your workbook from youngest to oldest.



Elaboration: Describing personal achievements such as doing something on their own for the first time and sharing how they felt and how it influences personal identities.

# **Behaving Safely**

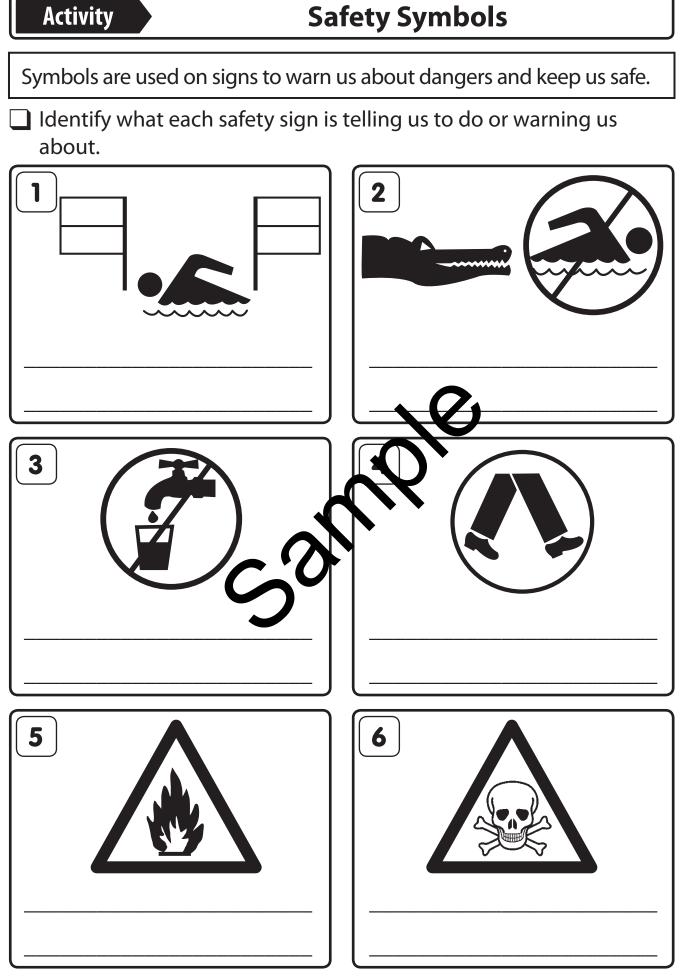
Sometimes our actions can put us in danger. Make sure that your actions keep you safe.

Talk about the unsafe actions in each picture. What should each person do to stay safe? Write your answers in your workbook.



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Curriculum Link: Recognise situations and opportunities to promote health, safety and wellbeing (ACPPS018) Elaboration: Describing actions to stay safe in a range of environments, including water, road, nature and outdoors.



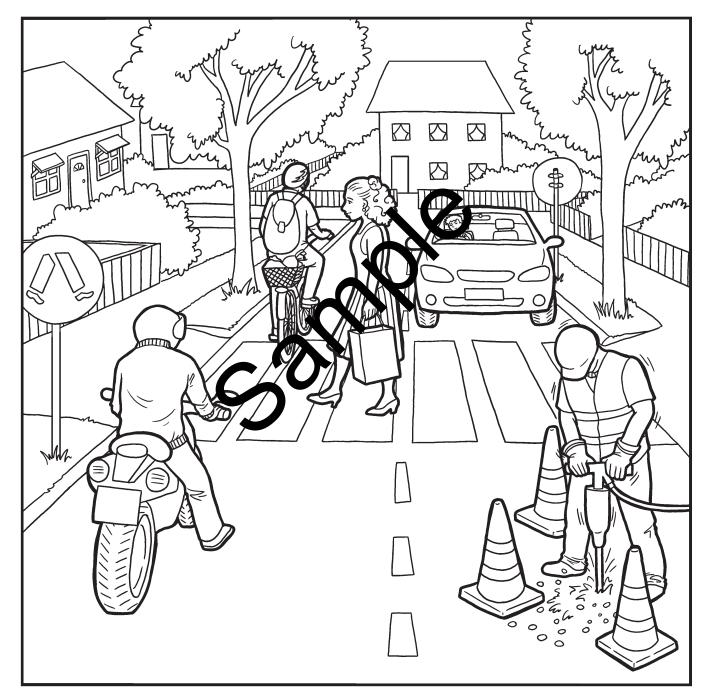
#### Draw two more safety symbols in your workbook.



# **Keeping Safe On Our Roads**

Roads are dangerous places. We must follow procedures to stay safe on our roads.

Colour the people who are following procedures to stay safe on the road. Say what procedures they are following.



Colour the safety symbol. Say what it means.

Draw in your own safety symbol commonly found on roads.

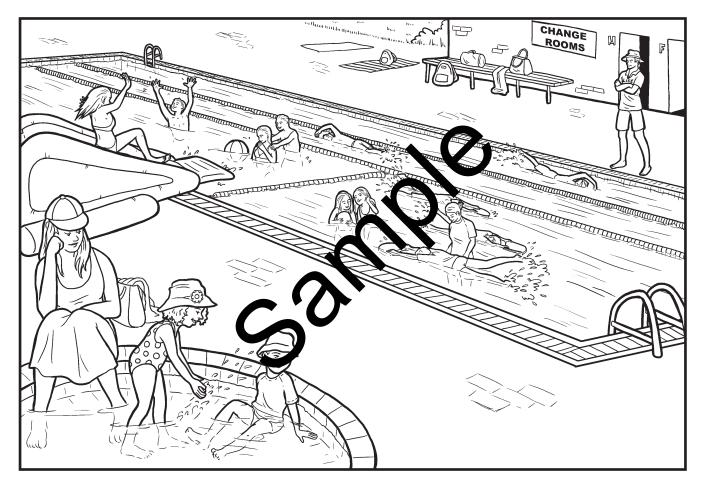


## Activity Keeping Safe Around Water

Swimming pools can be dangerous places. We must follow procedures to stay safe around water.

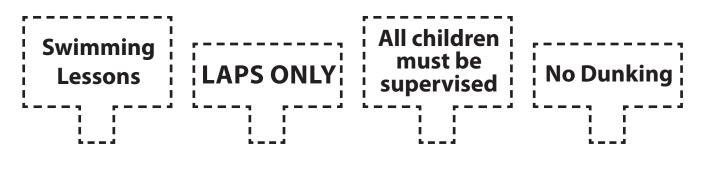
Colour the people green who are following procedures around water. Say what procedures they are following.

Colour the people red who are not following procedures. Say what they are doing.



Cut out the safety signs and paste them onto the picture.

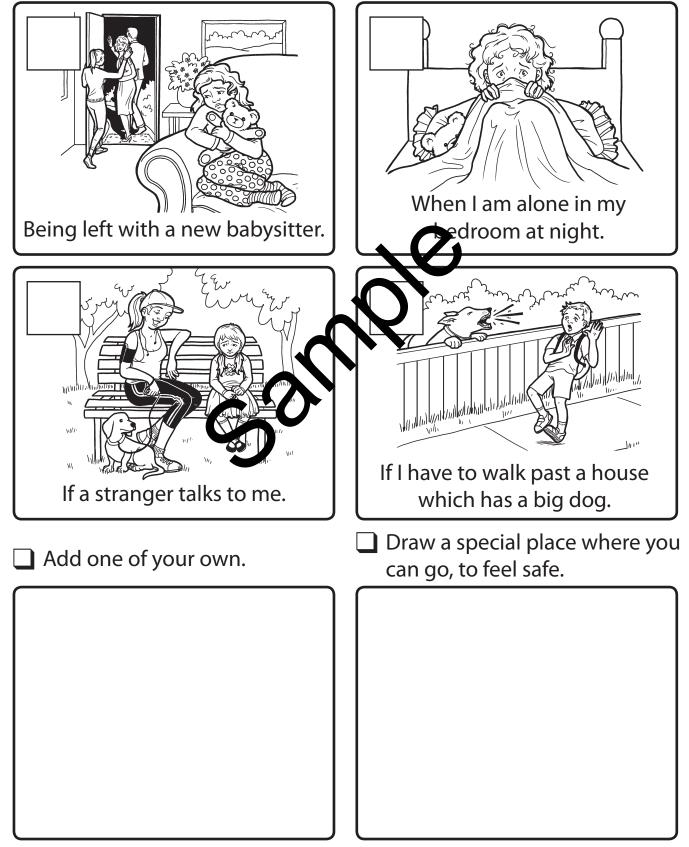
Add your own sign.



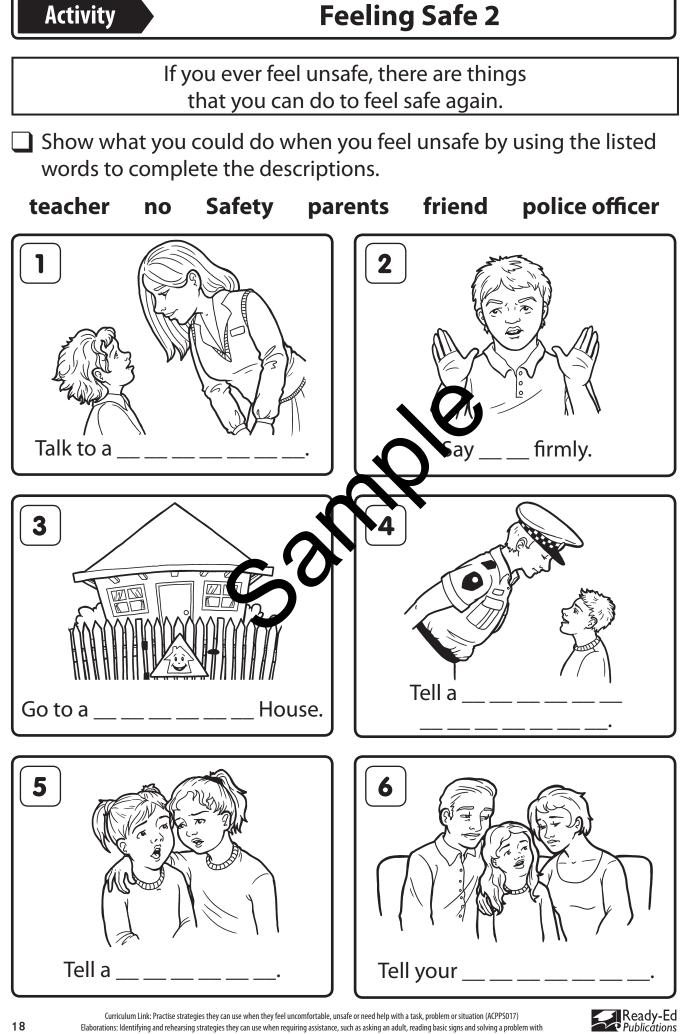
# **Feeling Safe 1**

#### Think about what makes you feel safe and unsafe.

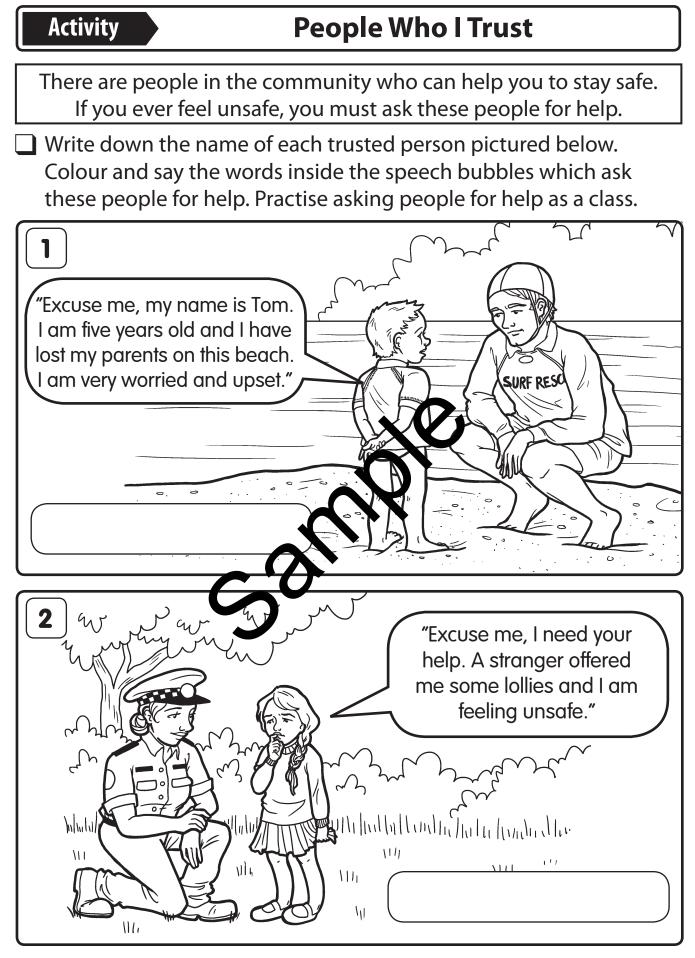
Tick the boxes to show the situations that make you feel unsafe. Talk about how your body feels in unsafe situations.



Curriculum Link: Practise strategies they can use when they feel uncomfortable, unsafe or need help with a task, problem or situation (ACPPS017) Elaboration: Describe warning signs (physical, emotional and external) that can help them to know if they are safe or unsafe.



Curriculum Link: Practise strategies they can use when they feel uncomfortable, unsafe or need help with a task, problem or situation (ACPPS017) Elaborations: Identifying and rehearsing strategies they can use when requiring assistance, such as asking an adult, reading basic signs and solving a problem with friends. Recognising photos and locations of safe places and a network of people who can help.



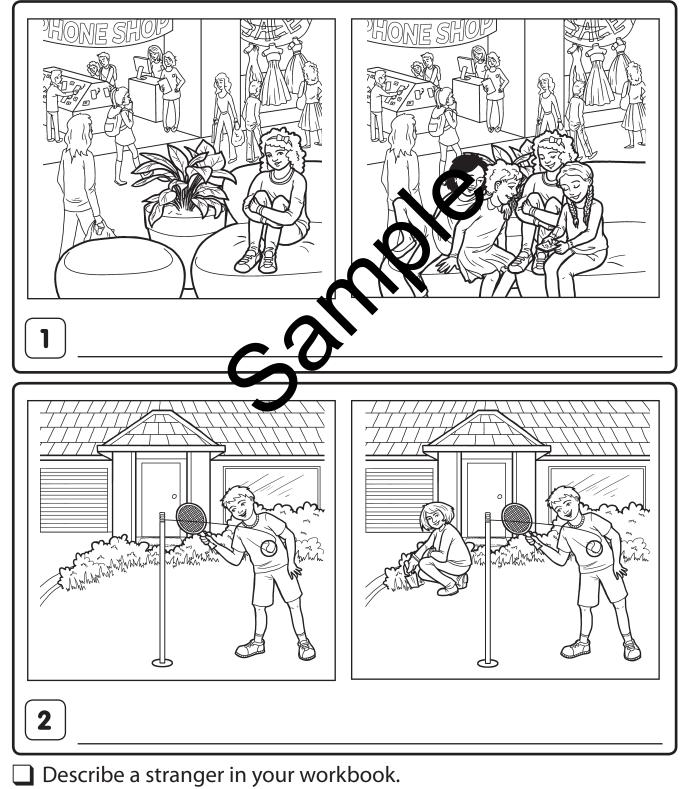
In your workbook, draw a picture of the people who take care of you at home and make you feel safe.



# People Who I Do Not Trust

Never trust a stranger. A stranger is a person who you do not know. There are things that you can do to avoid strangers approaching you, and things that you can do to encourage strangers to leave you alone.

Colour the children who are more likely to be approached by a stranger. Write why you think this.



Curriculum Link: Practise strategies they can use when they feel uncomfortable, unsafe or need help with a task, problem or situation (ACPPS017) 20 Elaborations: Identifying and rehearsing strategies they can use when requiring assistance, such as asking an adult, reading basic signs and solving a problem with friends. Recognising photos and locations of safe places and a network of people who can help.



# **Medicines 1**

Medicines can be dangerous if they are not taken correctly or when needed. You should only take medicine if a doctor or adult who you trust, tells you that you need it to make you feel better. Sometimes you don't need medicine because sleep and/or water are enough to make you feel better.

Use the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 to show the correct order of things to do before you take medicine.





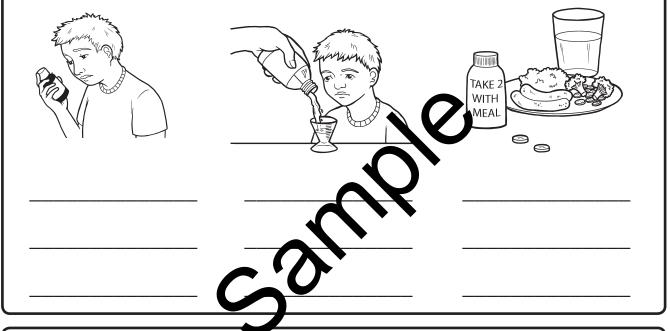
Curriculum Link: Recognise situations and opportunities to promote health, safety and wellbeing (ACPPS018) Elaboration: Identifying poison labels and medicine packaging and understanding to ask an adult before taking medicines.

# **Medicines 2**

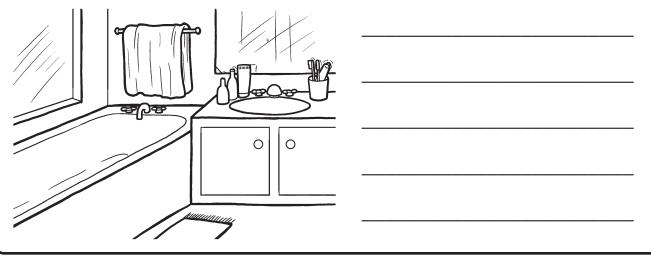
If you need medicine, you must make sure that you read the label on the bottle and not take too much. Taking too much medicine or taking medicine when you don't need it can make you very, very sick.



Use the picture clues to say what you should do before taking medicine.



☐ It is important that young children who do not understand the dangers of taking medicines cannot reach them. Look at the picture of the bathroom below. Could medicines be stored safely in this bathroom? Give a reason for your answer.





# **Household Substances**

Some substances that you find around the home are poisonous. These are usually cleaning products, or products that you use in the garden to kill insects or weeds. If you get these products on your skin, you could burn yourself. If you swallow any of these products you could find yourself in serious danger.

Colour the products that are found around the home and are dangerous.



Copy the words from the poisons which tell you they are dangerous.

Where should you store dangerous household substances?



# **Eating Healthy Foods**

If we eat healthy foods, we will have healthy teeth and healthy bodies. Healthy foods give us more energy to learn and play. Some foods should only be eaten occasionally. These are foods which are high in sugars and fats.

Colour green the foods that we should "always" eat. Colour red the foods that we should eat "sometimes".

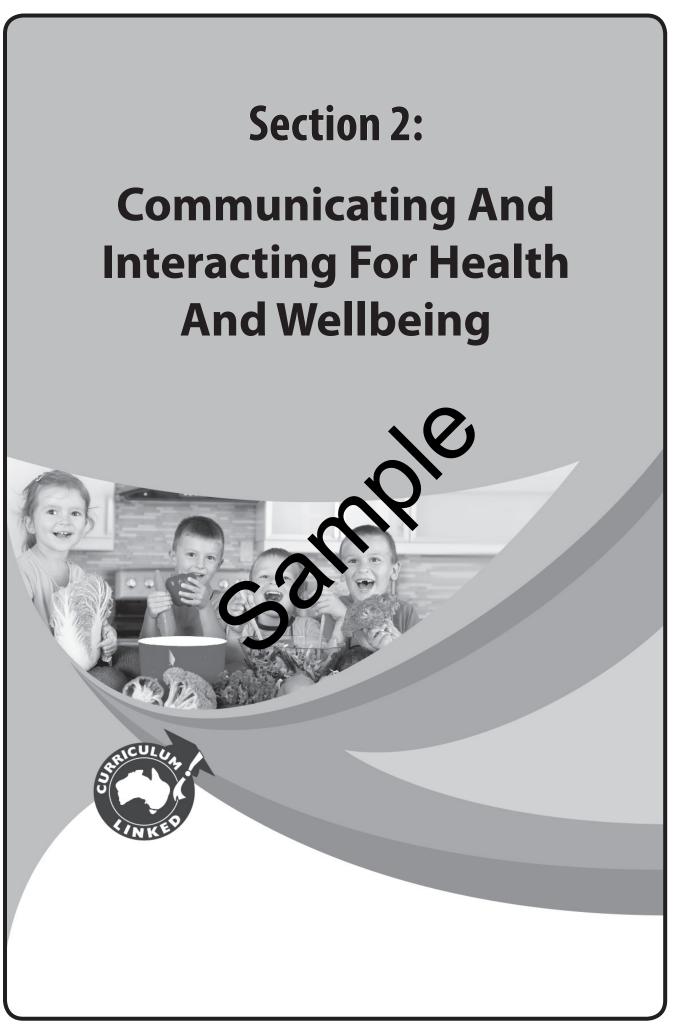


Draw your own "always" and "sometimes" foods in your workbook.



# Activity **Healthy Food Means Healthy Teeth** It is very important to look after your teeth, so that they stay white and you continue to have a lovely smile. If you don't look after your teeth they can decay and you might get toothache. Draw and colour the things listed below inside the healthy teeth. These things all help to keep your teeth clean and healthy. toothbrush toothpaste Draw and colour the items liste d below inside the teeth. Colour show that these things are not good parts of these teeth yells for your teeth and decay. lollies juice cake Say if the tooth fairy has already visited you and share if you have any wobbly teeth. In your workbook, draw and colour the coin that she left you, or that you hope she leaves. you when she eventually visits.

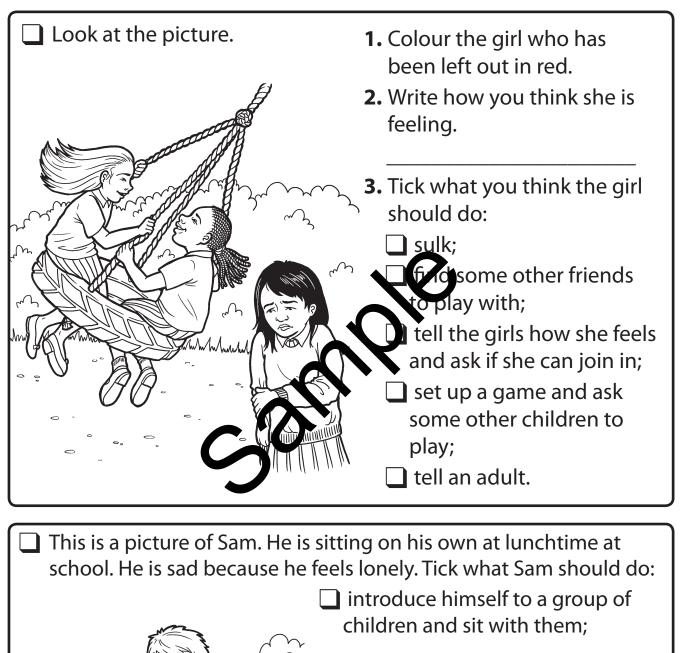






# **Feeling Left Out**

Being left out makes us feel sad. There are things that we can do if we feel left out.



- find somebody else who is sitting alone and join him/her;
- make eye contact with another child and smile;

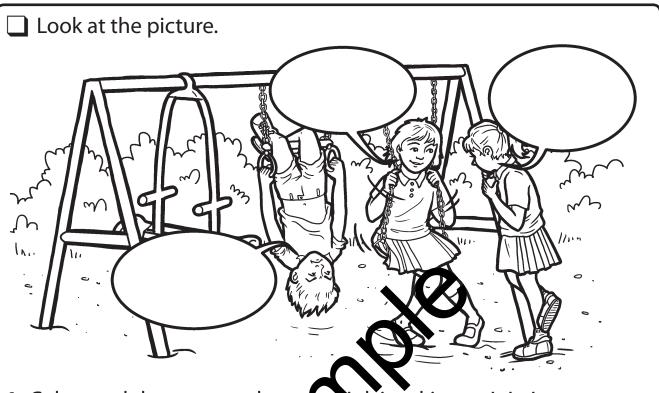
hope that someone comes to talk to him.



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# **Including Everybody 1**

Letting somebody join in with your game is the right and fair thing to do.



- 1. Colour red the person who you think is asking to join in.
- 2. Colour yellow the person who is happy to include this person.
- 3. Colour blue the performing is not happy to let this person join in.
- 4. Write what you think even person is saying in the speech bubbles.
- 5. Who do you think is in the wrong? \_

Read this little rhyme about including people. Then create your own rhyme in your workbook and read it to the class.



Being left out makes people sad, being left out is really bad. If I see children on their own, I tell them that they must not moan. I ask them to come and play with me then they are as happy as me.

Curriculum Link: Describe ways to include others to make them feel they belong (ACPPS019) Elaborations: Exploring how people feel when they are included and excluded from groups and activities. Demonstrating appropriate language when encouraging others.

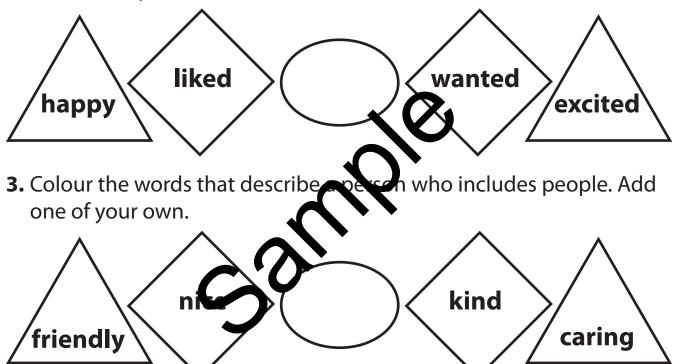


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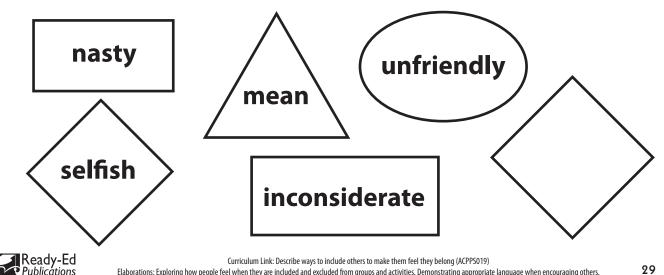


Letting others join in with your game is the right and fair thing to do.

- 1. Write about a time when you included somebody.
- 2. Colour the words that describe how you feel when you are included. Add one of your own.



4. Colour the words that describe a person who excludes people. Add one of your own.



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# Activity Including Everyone In Physical Activities

It is fun to play games with other students rather than by yourself. Here are some exercises with one ball that include two people:

- a. pass or bounce the ball to each other;
- **b.** take turns shooting the ball into a net;
- **c.** take turns trying to dribble the ball past each other.

Write down another:



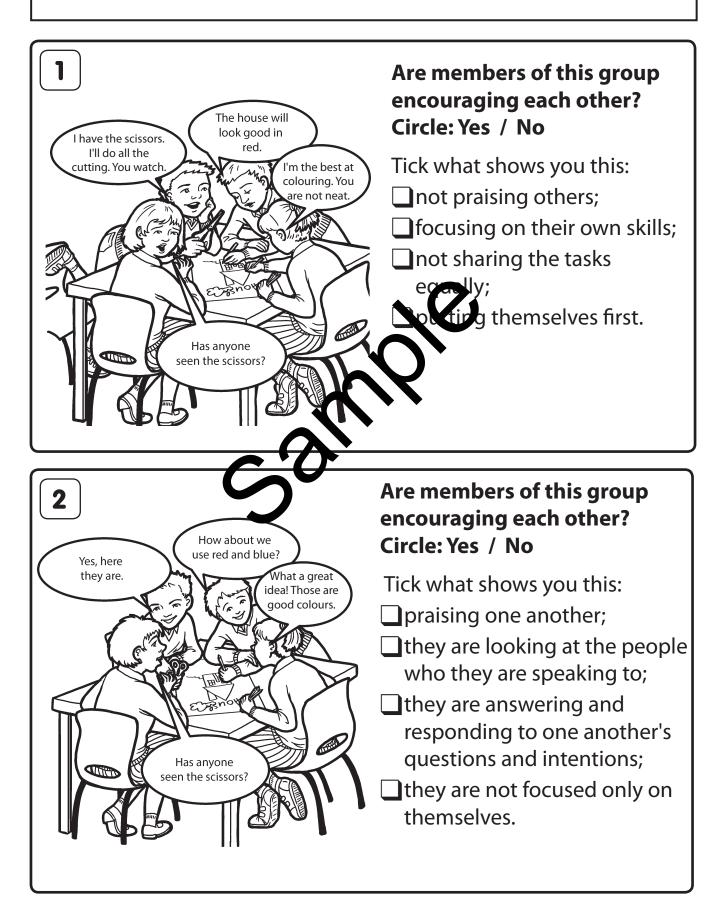
Look at the pictures. Get into pairs and say how each child could include other students. Draw a picture which hows a game that needs lots of students to participate.





## **Encouraging Others 1**

You can encourage others when working in a group.



# **Encouraging Others 2**

When somebody does something well, you should congratulate him/her.

Write some encouraging words in the speech bubbles.

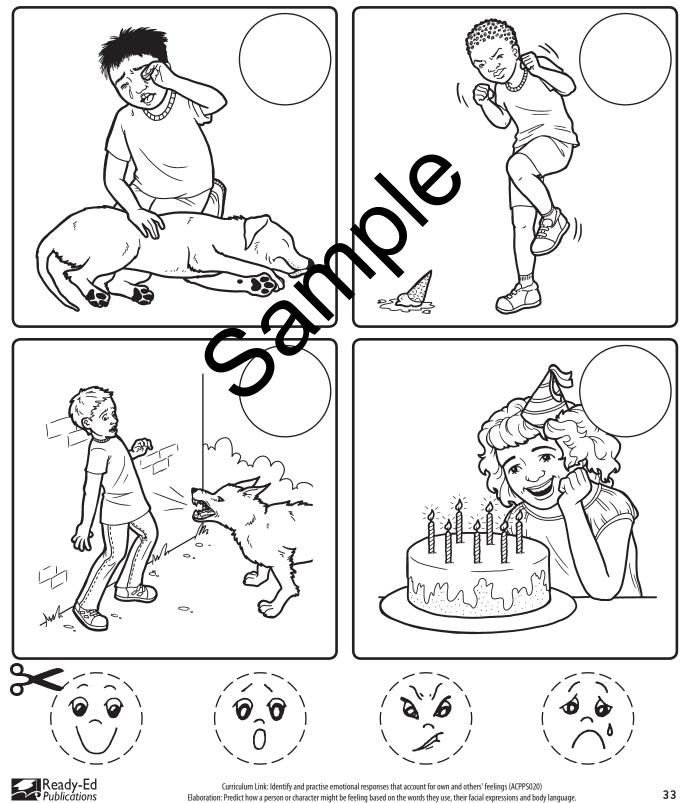




# **Feelings 1**

Everyone has feelings. Some things might make us feel angry, happy, scared or sad.

Cut and paste the faces at the bottom of the page to show the emotions of each pictured child. Talk about what is making each child feel this way with a friend.

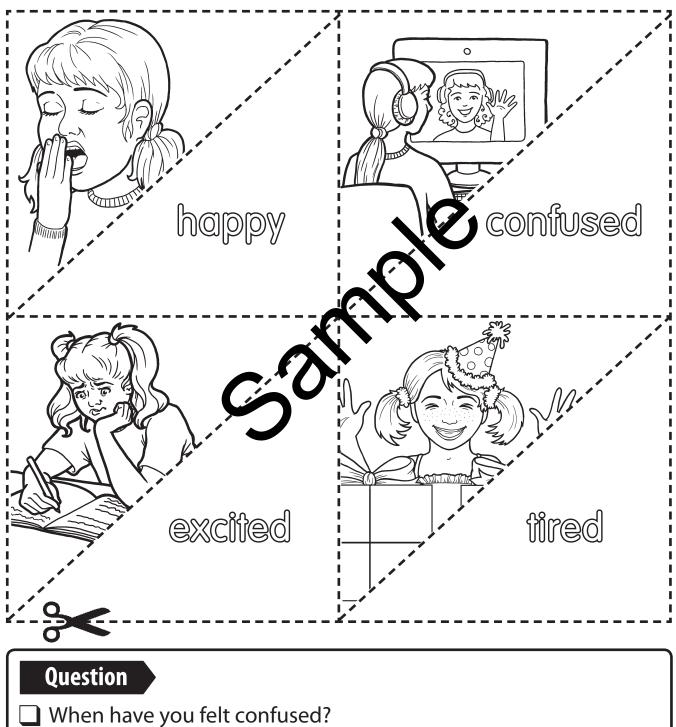


Elaboration: Predict how a person or character might be feeling based on the words they use, their facial expressions and body language.

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Everyone has feelings. Some things might make us feel excited, confused or tired.

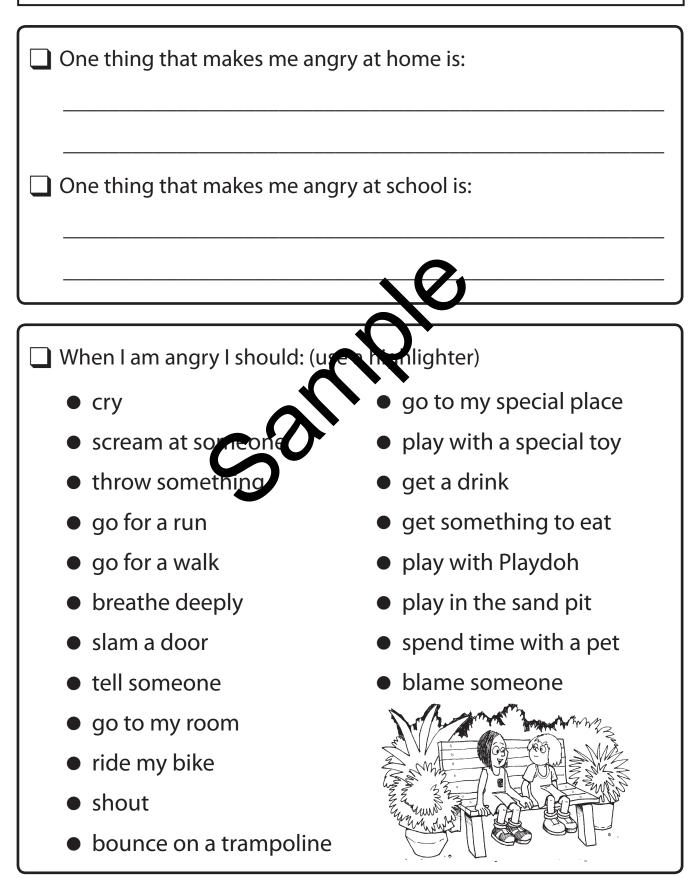
Cut out the triangles and shuffle to match the words to the emotions. Say what might be making each child feel this way.





# **Feeling Angry**

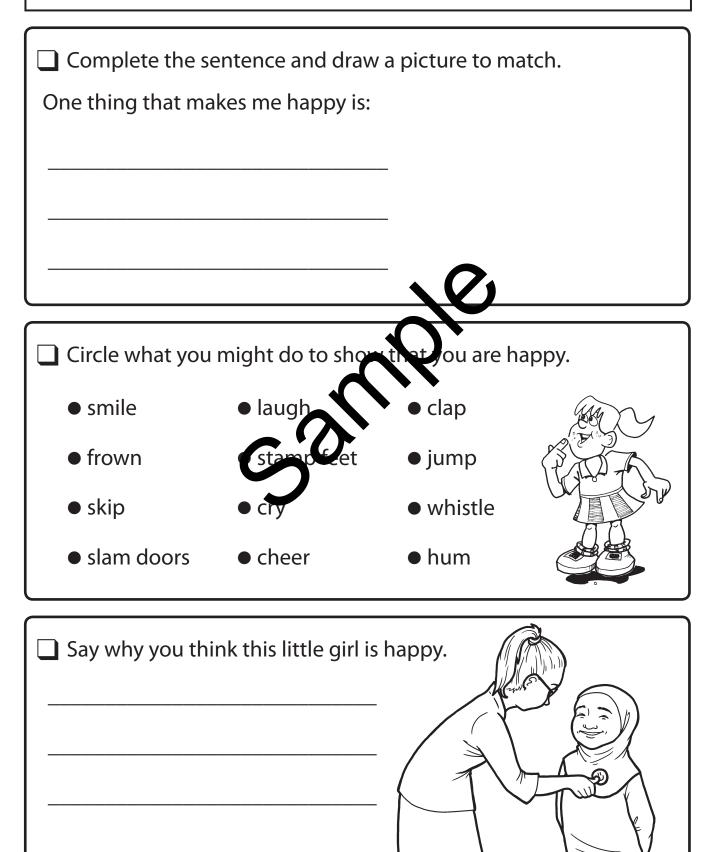
Everyone has feelings. Some things might make us feel angry. We can do things to stop us feeling angry.



Curriculum Link: Identify and practise emotional responses that account for own and others' feelings (ACPPS020) Elaboration: Recognising own emotions and demonstrating positive ways to react in different situations.

# **Feeling Happy**

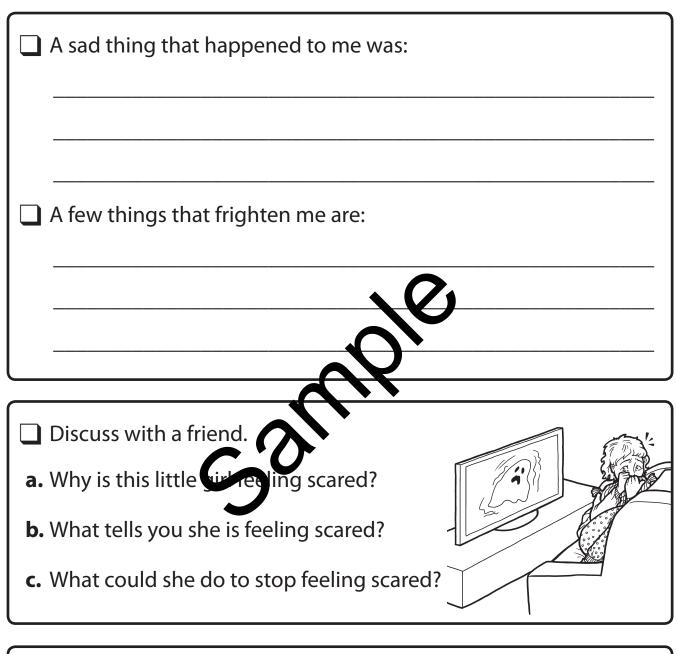
Everyone has feelings. Some things might make us feel happy. We show that we are happy through actions and words.

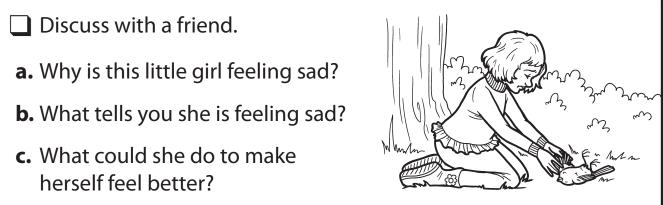




### **Feeling Sad And Feeling Scared**

Everyone has feelings. Some things might make us feel sad or scared.

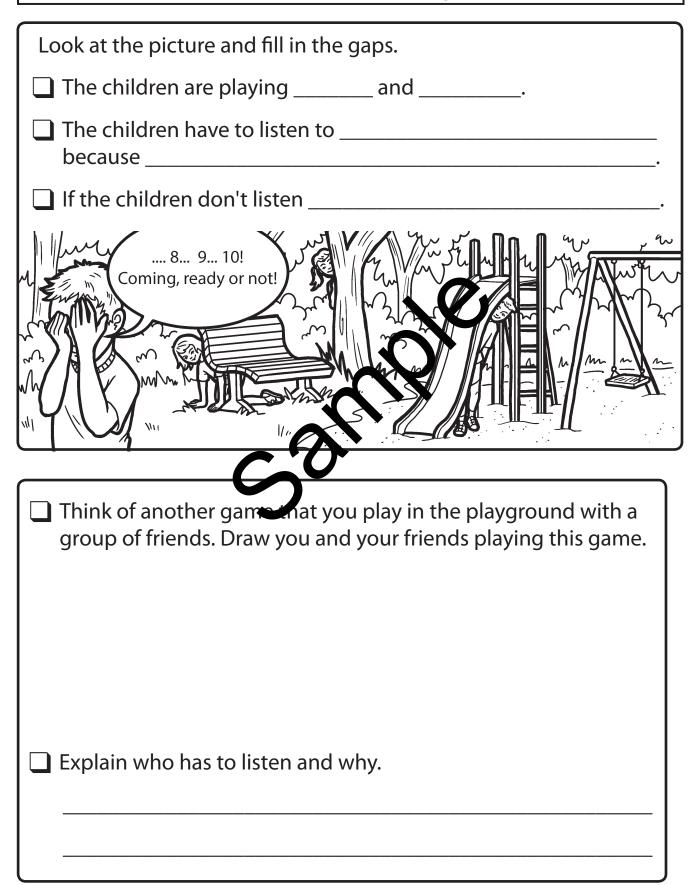




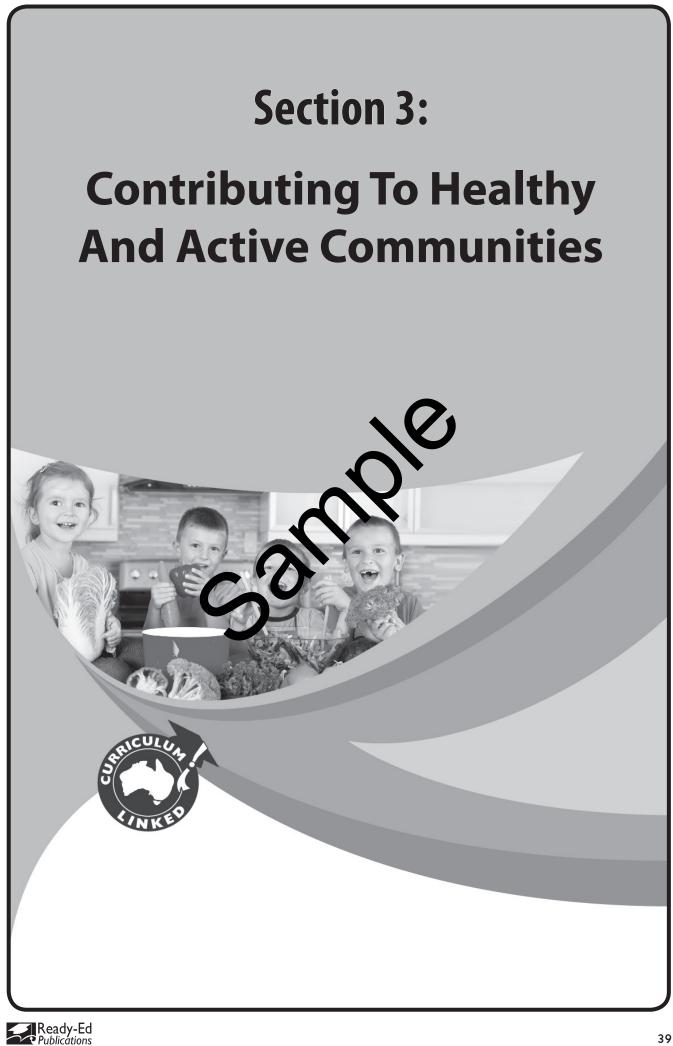


## **Listening And Responding**

When playing a game in the playground, it is important to listen to each other to make the game a success.





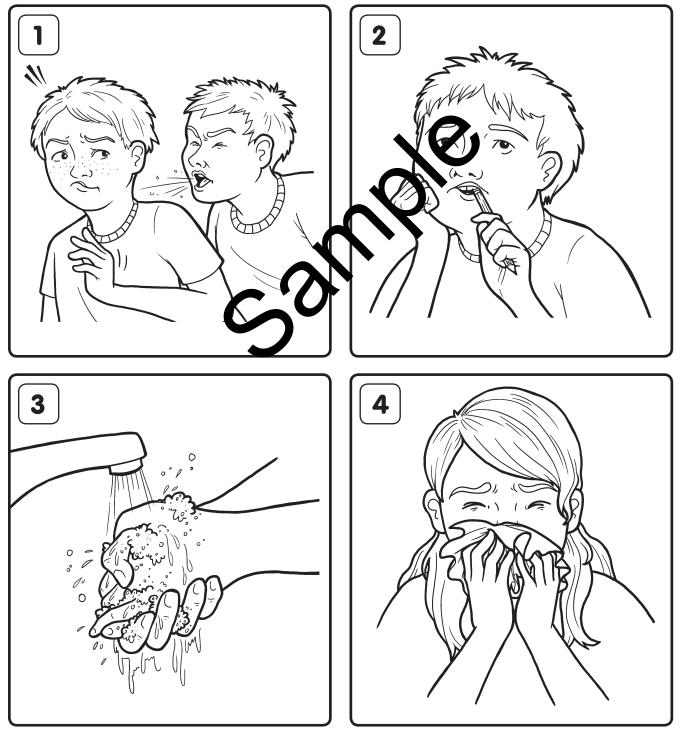


# **Healthy Habits 1**

It is important to develop healthy habits so that we do not get sick and spread germs to our classmates. When we are sick, we are sad because we cannot learn and play.

Colour green the children who are stopping themselves and others from getting sick. Say how.

Colour red the children who are spreading germs. Say how.

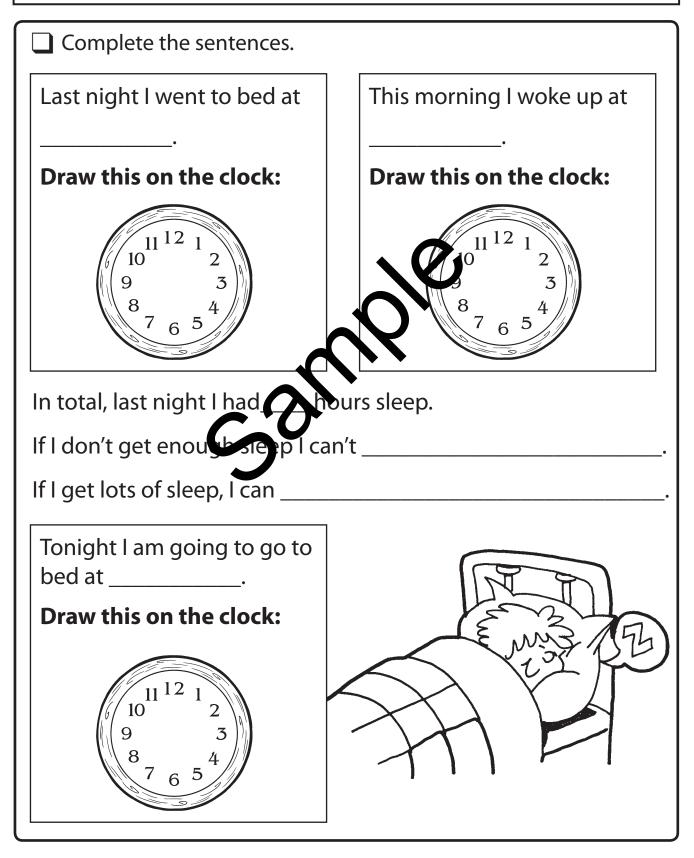


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Curriculum Link: Explore actions that help make the classroom a healthy , safe and active place (ACPPS022) Elaboration: Recognising how their actions help keep classmates safe, including identifying things not to be shared due to potential of contamination, infection and anaphylaxis.

## **Healthy Habits 2**

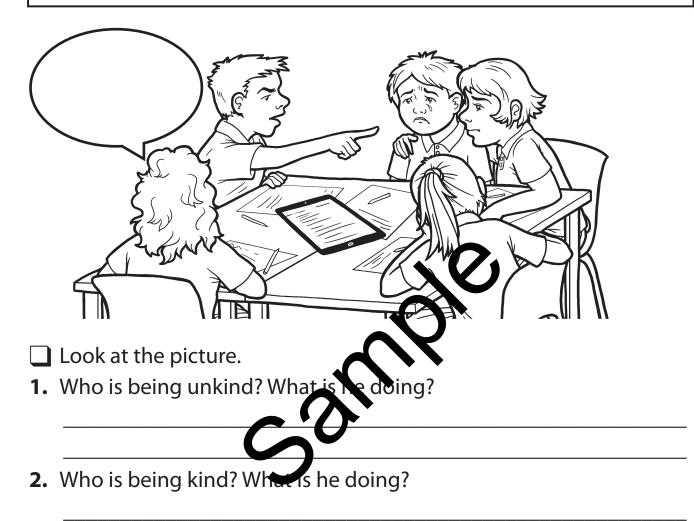
It is important to get lots of sleep so that you can concentrate on learning and playing and keep the classroom a happy place. You should try to get between 10 and 12 hours sleep a night.





# Wellbeing – Being Kind

It is important to be kind to your classmates and that they are kind to you. Being kind to one another makes the classroom a happy place. If we are unkind to one another we can feel upset and scared.



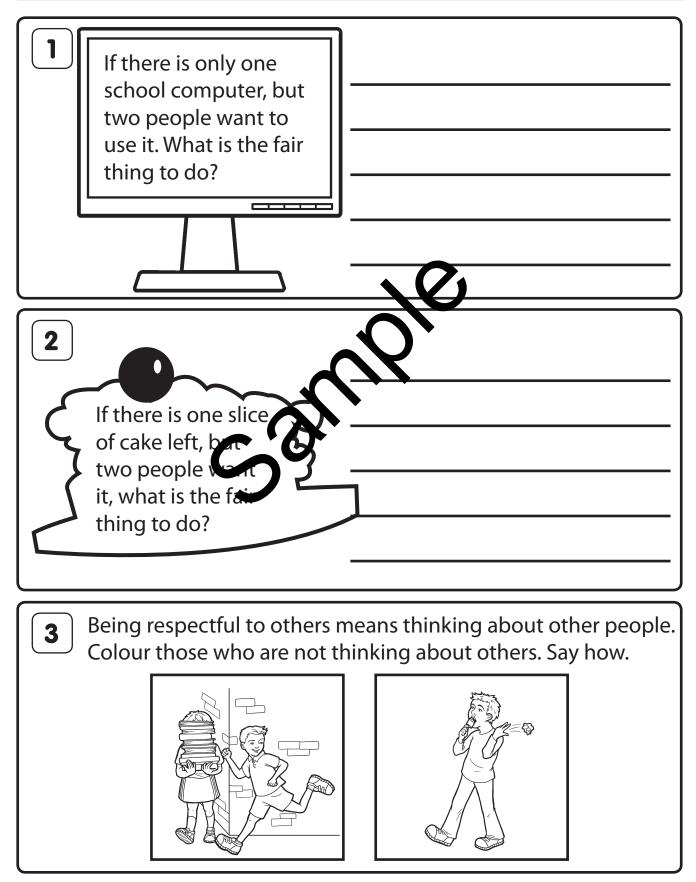
- **3.** Write something in the blank speech bubble that you would say to show kindness and to try to stop the bully.
- **4.** Colour the person in this picture who is a passive bystander (not getting involved).
- **5.** Do you think being a passive bystander is useful in this situation? Explain your answer.

In your workbook, draw or write about a time when somebody has been kind or unkind to you.



## Activity Wellbeing – Being Fair And Respectful

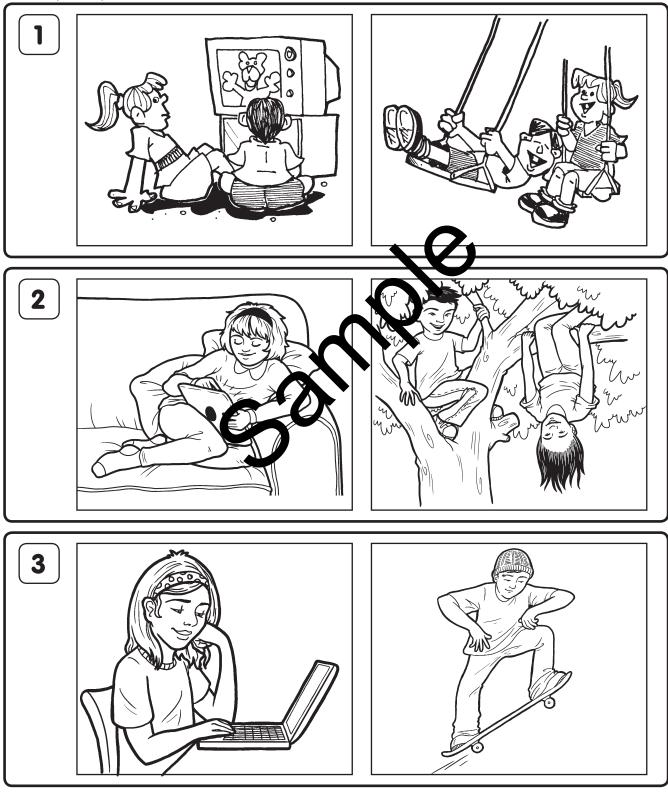
It is important to treat people fairly. Sharing is an example of being fair.



## **Being Active Outdoors 1**

We should be active every day. The great outdoors provides us with the perfect setting to be active.

Colour the children who are being active and healthy. Say why. Explain what we find outdoors that help us to be active.



In your workbook, draw something that you do outdoors to stay active. Say why you can't do this activity indoors.

### **Being Active Outdoors 2**

We should be active every day. The great outdoors provides us with the perfect setting to be active.

□ How are the children being active in the picture? Trace over the correct words and say them out loud. Colour the picture.







Add your own.

